

#### Lesson Topic: Eclipses and Seasons

#### **Objective:**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Explain why solar and lunar eclipses occur
- 2. Explain why Earth has seasons
- 3. Draw and manipulate models of solar and lunar eclipses
- 4. Draw a model of Earth's location during various seasons

#### Time Required: 75 minutes

#### Materials Needed:

- Small beach ball (or other similar sized ball)
- Ping pong ball tied to a string
- Flashlight
- Teacher computer with internet access
- Projector/Smartboard
- 1 computer/laptop/iPad per student with internet access
- Eclipses and Seasons handout (attached)

#### **Teacher Preparation:**

- Assign a Legends of Learning Instructional <u>Quick Play</u> playlist for the day(s) you will be teaching the lesson.
  - Instructional Middle School Eclipses and Seasons
- Assign a Legends of Learning Content Review Quick Play playlist for the day(s) you will be teaching the lesson.
  - Content Review Middle School Eclipses and Seasons
- Make copies of Eclipses and Seasons Worksheet (1 per student)

## Engage (10 minutes):

- 1. Lay the flashlight on a table and place the beach ball approximately 24 inches in front of the flashlight.
- 2. Turn off the lights in the room and turn on the flashlight.
- 3. Holding the ping pong ball by the string, place the ping pong ball between the flashlight and the beach ball.
- 4. Ask for student observations regarding where they see the light hitting the beach ball and where they see shadow.
  - a. Answer: Light hitting the ping pong ball and beach ball. Small shadow on front of beach ball as well.
- 5. Continue holding the ping pong ball by the string, move the ping pong ball so that it is behind the beach ball.
- 6. Ask for student observations regarding where they see the light and shadow in this position.
  - a. Answer: Light hitting the beach ball fully, no shadow on the beach ball. Full shadow on the ping pong ball.
- 7. Explain to students: "I just demonstrated a phenomenon called an eclipse. Today we



will learn about types of eclipses and also review why we have seasons. Think about this demonstration during today's lesson as we will refer back to it at the end of class."

## Explore (30 minutes):

- 1. Have your students <u>sign in to Legends of Learning</u>. Instruct students to complete the Instructional playlist.
- 2. As students complete the assigned game, students should fill out the Eclipses and Seasons Handout.
- 3. Assist students as needed during game play, pause playlist if you need to address content or questions to the entire class.

## Explain (20 minutes):

- 1. Review answers to Eclipses and Seasons Handout by drawing diagrams on board or using Smartboard.
- 2. Relate student knowledge to demonstration at the beginning of class.
  - a. Which item represents the sun? (flashlight)
  - b. Which item represents the earth? (beach ball)
  - c. Which item represents the moon? (ping pong ball)
  - d. Who can demonstrate a lunar eclipse using the items? (ping pong ball held behind the beach ball)
    - i. Have student explain why
  - e. Who can demonstrate a solar eclipse using the items? (ping pong ball held between the flashlight and beach ball)
    - i. Have student explain why

# Elaborate (5 minutes):

- 1. Explain to students that although they experience seasons all the time, they are less likely to experience a lunar eclipse, and the opportunity to experience a solar eclipse is even more rare.
- 2. Show this timelapse video of what happens on Earth during a solar eclipse: <u>https://vimeo.com/53641212</u>
- 3. Ask students to describe what they are seeing in the video.
  - a. Answer: It is broad daylight then goes dark like nighttime, then back to broad daylight very quickly. The sun is completely blocked out for a while.

## Evaluate (10 minutes):

- 1. Have your students <u>sign in to Legends of Learning</u>. Instruct students to complete the Content Review playlist.
- 2. Analyze student results to determine what concepts need to be a focus for reteaching.

# Additional Lesson Strategies:

- To use Legends for additional instruction, create a <u>custom playlist</u> with an <u>instructional</u> <u>game</u> and pre and post <u>assessment</u>.
- To use Legends for a quick formative assessment, create a 5-question <u>assessment</u> in a <u>playlist</u>.
- To use Legends for a student-directed experience, create a <u>targeted freeplay</u> playlist.



• Encourage students to play on their own at home in <u>Legends of Learning</u>: <u>Awakening</u> for a student-driven experience including avatars, battling, and quests all centered around topics they are covering in class.



# **Seasons and Eclipses**

Name:

**Directions:** While playing the first game in Legends of Learning, use what you learn to complete the diagrams and answer the questions below.



## Circle the correct answer -

Question 1: It is summer for the hemisphere that is pointing (away from, towards) the sun.

Question 2: It is winter for the hemisphere that is pointing (away from, towards) the sun. Question 3: When a hemisphere is pointing towards the sun, the sun's rays are

(stronger, weaker) on that part of earth, making it (hotter, colder).

Question 4: When a hemisphere is pointing away from the sun, the sun's rays are (stronger, weaker) on that part of earth, making it (hotter, colder).



Draw the location of the sun, moon, and earth during a lunar eclipse and during a solar eclipse. MAKE SURE YOU LABEL THE SUN, MOON, AND EARTH!

Lunar Eclipse Solar Eclipse